Printed	Page		bject Code:- BMICA0101 ll. No:				
N	OIDA	A INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND	TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA				
		(An Autonomous Institute Affilia	•				
		MCA (Integr					
		SEM: I - THEORY EXAMIN Subject: Digital logic &	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Time	: 3 H	3 0 0	Max. Marks: 100				
	-	tructions:	1724111 172411151 100				
IMP: V	erify	that you have received the question pape	r with the correct course, code, branch etc.				
1. This Question paper comprises of three Sections -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice							
		MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.					
		n marks for each question are indicated of	v 1				
		your answers with neat sketches whereve suitable data if necessary.	r necessary.				
		ly, write the answers in sequential order.					
_		should be left blank. Any written material	l after a blank sheet will not be				
		hecked.	·				
SECTI	ON-	<u>-A</u>	20				
1. Atte	mpt a	all parts:-					
1-a.	Tl	he radix of a Octal number is: (CO1)	1				
	(a)	2					
	(b)	10					
	(c)	8					
	(d)	16					
1-b.		he term in SOP are known as: (CO1)	1				
	(a)	Maxterm					
	(b)	Minterm					
	(c)	Midterm					
	(d)	Sumterm					
1-c.	` ′	Temory unit is not present in which type o	f circuit (CO2)				
1-0.			r circuit (CO2)				
	(a)	Combinational circuit					
	(b)	Sequential					
	(c)	Both					
	(d)	None					
1-d.	If	the input is P and Q, the sum in half adde	er is: (CO2)				
	(a)	$S=A \oplus B$					
	(b)	$S=B\oplus A$					

	(c)	$S=P\oplus Q$			
	(d)	S=P⊕Q1			
1-e.	D	Do a left shift of data $X = 0100$ by 1 bit (CO3)			
	(a)	1000			
	(b)	1010			
	(c)	1100			
	(d)	1001			
1-f.	If we connect a memory element with a combinational circuit to form a feedbac path, it will act as: (CO3)		1		
	(a)	Systematic circuit			
	(b)	Silence circuit			
	(c)	Sync circuit			
	(d)	Sequential Circuit			
1-g.	T	he diagram that shows the transition of states is known as: (CO4)	1		
	(a)	Transition diagram			
	(b)	State Table			
	(c)	Both of above			
	(d)	None			
1-h.	A type of FSM where the outputs depend only on the current state (CO4)				
	(a)	Deterministic FSM			
	(b)	Mealy machine			
	(c)	Moore machine			
	(d)	Non- Deterministic			
1-i.	RFID stands for: (CO5)				
	(a)	Radio Frequency Identification			
	(b)	Radio Waves Frequency Identification			
	(c)	Radio Frequency InterDependent			
	(d)	Radio Wave Frequency Independent			
1-j.	\mathbf{N}	M2M stands for: (CO5)			
	(a)	Memory to machine			
	(b)	Machine to Machine			
	(c)	Machine to memory			
	(d)	Many to machine			
2. Atte	empt a	all parts:-			
2.a.	C	onvert the decimal number 24 into binary. (CO1)	2		
2.b.	D	raw a neat and clean block diagram of Combinational circuit. (CO2)	2		
2.c.	D	efine register. (CO3)	2		

2.d.	Give a brief introduction of Moore machine (CO4)	2
2.e.	Define actuator.(CO5)	2
SECTI	ON-B	30
3. Answ	ver any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	Brief Number System and its types (CO1)	6
3-b.	Perform the following conversion: (CO1) a) $(1101)_2 = (?)_{10}$	6
	b) $(45.6)_{10} = (?)_2$	
3-c.	Give a proper differentiation between encoder and decoder.(CO2)	6
3-d.	Construct a 4*1 MUX, draw its truth table, circuit diagram. (CO2)	6
3.e.	Differentiate between combinational circuit and sequential circuit. (CO3)	6
3.f.	Elaborate Hazards and its types. (CO4)	6
3.g.	Differentiate IOT and IIOT. (CO5)	6
SECTI	<u>ON-C</u>	50
4. Answ	ver any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
4-a.	Explain the following terms with suitable example: a)Maxterm b)Minterm (CO1)	10
4-b.	Define Boolean algebra. Derive a boolean expression for $F(A,B,C,D)=\sum (0,1,2,3,6,8,9,10,11,13) + d(7,14)$ using k-map. (CO1)	10
5. Answ	ver any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
5-a.	Disuss the following combination circuits: a)Half Adder b)Full Adder,also draw the circuit diagram (CO2)	10
5-b.	Implement $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum (0,1,3,4,8,9,15)$ using 8x1 multiplexer: If MSB i.e. A is used as input variable and B, C, D as select lines. (CO2)	10
6. Answ	ver any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
6-a.	Construct SR Flip Flop By Using NAND Latch. Draw its truth table, characteristics table and equation and excitation table. (CO3)	10
6-b.	Explain the following: a) Ripple counter b) Ring counter (CO3)	10
7. Answ	ver any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
7-a.	Explain the following terms: a)Static-0 Hazard b)Static-1 Hazard c)Dynamic Hazard d)Melay machine e)Moore machine. (CO4)	10
7-b.	Explain Finite State Machine and its types. (CO4)	10
8. Answ	ver any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
8-a.	Elaborate sensor and its types. (CO5)	10
8-b.	Illustrate the working of Actuators with the help of an example. (CO5)	10